

Code: DE66/DE116 Subject: WIRELESS & MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS

DipIETE – ET (Current & New Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2017

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)

- a. _____ distributes handoff decision process.
 (A) NAHO (B) MAHO
 (C) SHO (D) None
- b. Mostly _____ is used in wireless LAN.
 (A) TDM (B) OFDM
 (C) SDM (D) None
- c. _____ has higher Doppler spread.
 (A) Fast fading (B) Slow fading
 (C) Frequency selective fading (D) None
- d. In cyclic redundancy checking, CRC is _____.
 (A) divisor (B) quotient
 (C) dividend (D) remainder
- e. Medium Earth Orbit (MEO) satellite system operate at about _____ km above earth.
 (A) 5,000 (B) 10,000
 (C) 1,500 (D) None
- f. The basic GSM is based on _____ traffic channels.
 (A) connection oriented (B) connection less
 (C) packet switching (D) circuit switching
- g. _____ is a process in which same set of frequencies can be allocated to more than one cell, provided that cells are separated by a sufficient distance.
 (A) Frequency reuse (B) Handoff
 (C) Radio survey (D) clustering
- h. _____ is a process of dividing area of cell into more cells.
 (A) Cell splitting (B) Cell clustering
 (C) Cell partitioning (D) Cell sectoring

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- i. _____ is a table driven routing protocol.
 (A) Adhoc on demand distance vector routing protocol
 (B) Cluster based routing protocol
 (C) Global state routing protocol
 (D) Dynamic source routing protocol
- j. _____ doesn't uses telecom networks & is fastest network.
 (A) WMAN (B) WWAN
 (C) WLAN (D) None

**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.
 Each question carries 16 marks.**

- Q.2** a. Explain with diagram, the characteristics & infrastructure of cellular systems. (10)
- b. Write a short note on:
 (i) Network Protocols
 (ii) Adhoc and Sensor network (6)
- Q.3** a. Discuss
 (i) Cyclic Codes
 (ii) Convolutional Codes (8)
- b. In US digital cellular system, if $f_c = 900$ MHz & mobile velocity is 70km/hr, calculate received carrier frequency if mobile
 (i) directed towards transmitter.
 (ii) directed away from transmitter.
 (iii) in a direction perpendicular to direction of arrival of transmitted signal. (8)
- Q.4** a. With respect to mobile cellular communication, explain the terms:
 (i) Cell sectoring
 (ii) Co-channel interference
 (iii) Cell splitting
 (iv) Cell clustering (12)
- b. Write a short note on Multiple Radio Access Protocols. (4)
- Q.5** a. Differentiate between TDMA and FDMA. (5)
- b. What are the differences between Static Allocation and Dynamic Allocation? (5)
- c. A zero mean sinusoidal message is applied to a transmitter that radiates an AM signal with 400 kW power. Compute carrier power if signal is modulated on a depth of 0.75:
 (i) What % of total power is in carrier?
 (ii) Power in each sideband.
 (iii) Total power saving, if carrier & one sideband are suppressed. (6)

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- Q.6** Write a short note on:
- (i) Types of satellite system
 - (ii) Global positioning system
 - (iii) Handoff and its parameter
 - (iv) Multicasting (16)
- Q.7** a. With respect to GSM, explain:
- (i) Channel types
 - (ii) Services & features
 - (iii) Architecture (12)
- b. Discuss about IS-41. (4)
- Q.8** a. Differentiate between Table driven & On Demand Routing Protocols. (5)
- b. Discuss with respect to MANETs
- (i) Characteristics
 - (ii) Applications (5)
- c. Write few advantages of wireless sensor networks. (6)
- Q.9** Discuss any **TWO**:
- (i) WMANs
 - (ii) WLANs
 - (iii) Ultra-Wideband Technology
 - (iv) Directional & Smart Antennas (8x2 = 16)