

Code: AC64/AT64/AC115/AT115

Subject: DESIGN & ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

AMIETE – CS/IT (Current & New Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2017

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)

- Euclid's algorithm is used to find_____.
 (A) Factorial (B) Prime number
 (C) GCD (D) Fibonacci number
- A tree is a connected acyclic_____.
 (A) Graph (B) Stack
 (C) Queue (D) Linked list
- The theoretical evaluation of time complexity of a program is based on the _____ operation.
 (A) basic (B) input
 (C) output (D) complex
- How many comparisons will be made by the brute-force algorithm in searching for the pattern 01010 in the binary text of one thousand zeros?
 (A) 999 (B) 996
 (C) 1992 (D) 2000
- The data structure used in breadth-first search traversal in graph is_____.
 (A) Stack (B) Array
 (C) Priority queue (D) Queue
- The space complexity of Selection sort algorithm is_____.
 (A) $O(1)$ (B) $O(2^n)$
 (C) $O(n)$ (D) $O(n^3)$
- An AVL tree is a_____.
 (A) Free Tree (B) 3-node Tree
 (C) Binary search Tree (D) Unbalanced Tree
- Warshall's algorithm is used to find the _____ of a graph.
 (A) length (B) Transitive closure
 (C) spanning tree (D) shortest path

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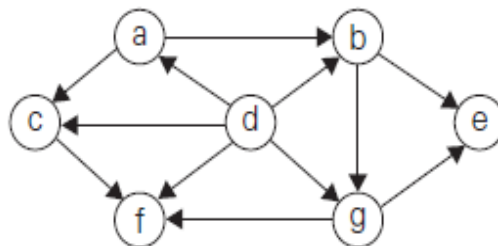
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- i. The value of $d_2 = 1$ in a good-suffix table for the pattern BARBER is _____.
 (A) 6 (B) 0
 (C) 3 (D) 4
- j. The _____ is not a principle of Greedy techniques.
 (A) feasible solution (B) Backtracking
 (C) locally optimal solution (D) Irrevocable

Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.

Each question carries 16 marks.

- Q.2** a. Explain the Algorithm design and analysis process with a neat diagram. (10)
 b. Write Euclid's algorithm to find the GCD of two numbers. (6)
- Q.3** a. Solve the following recurrence relations using backward substitution method. (3+3)
 (i) $X(n) = X(n-1) + 5$ for $n > 1$, $X(1) = 0$
 (ii) $M(n) = 2M(n-1) + 1$ for $n > 1$, $M(1) = 1$.
 b. Write a recursive algorithm for finding the factorial of a given number and analyze its complexity using backward substitution method. (6+4)
- Q.4** a. Write a brute-force string matching algorithm. Determine the number of character comparisons made by the brute-force algorithm in searching for the pattern **GANDHI** in the following text. (6+4)
THERE_IS_MORE_TO_LIFE_THAN_INCREASING_ITS_SPEED
 b. Apply quicksort to sort the list **E, X, A, M, P, L, E** in alphabetical order. Draw the tree of the recursive calls made. (6)
- Q.5** a. Apply the DFS-based algorithm to solve the topological sorting problem for the following digraphs: (6)

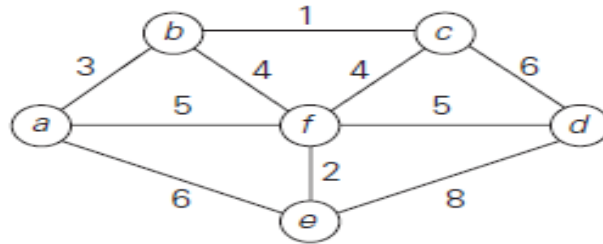


- b. Write Johnson-Trotter algorithm for generating permutations. Generate the next 4 permutations of the following sequence. (10)

← ← → ←
 4 2 3 1

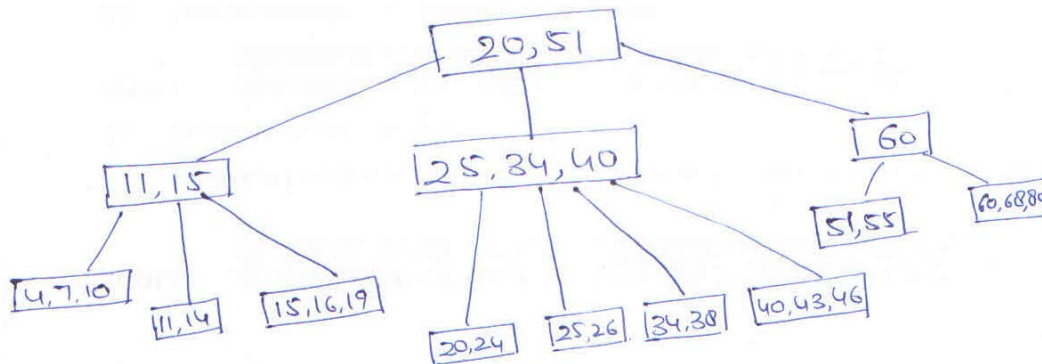
- Q.6** a. Construct **2-3 tree** for the list **C, O, M, P, U, T, I, N, G**. Use the alphabetical order of the letters and insert them successively starting with the empty tree. (6)
 b. Write a Bottom-up heap construction algorithm and analyze its worst case complexity. (5+5)

Q.7 a. Find the minimum spanning tree of the following graph using Prim's algorithm. (8)



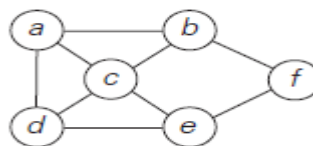
b. Write Floyd's algorithm and analyze its complexity. (8)

Q.8 a. Define B tree by mentioning its properties. Insert the value 65 for given B tree of order 4. (10)



b. Write a note on P and NP problem types. (6)

Q.9 a. Apply backtracking to the problem of finding a Hamiltonian circuit in the following graph. (6)



b. Solve the following instance of the knapsack problem by the branch-and bound Algorithm: (10)

item	weight	value	$\frac{\text{value}}{\text{weight}}$
1	4	\$40	10
2	7	\$42	6
3	5	\$25	5
4	3	\$12	4

The knapsack's capacity W is 10.