<b>ROLL NO.</b>	

## Code: AC111/AT111 Subject: COMPUTER GRAPHICS & VISUALIZATION

## **AMIETE - CS/IT (New Scheme)**

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

Q.1	Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:				
	a. Refreshing is not needed in DVST because of the presence of				
	(A) Primary gun	( <b>B</b> ) Focusing anode			
	(C) Control grid	( <b>D</b> ) Flood gun			
	b. All the following hidde except	en surface algorithms employ image space approach			
	(A) Back face removal	<b>(B)</b> Depth buffer method			
	(C) Scan line method	( <b>D</b> ) Depth sort method			
	c. Graphics and image processing technique used to produce a transformation one object into another is called				
	( <b>A</b> ) Animation	( <b>B</b> ) Morphing			
	(C) Half toning	( <b>D</b> ) None of these			
	d. Gray scale is used in _	·			
	<ul><li>(A) A Monitor that has</li><li>(B) Raster scan display</li></ul>	•			
		(C) A Monitor that has no color capability			
	( <b>D</b> ) Random scan displ	± • •			
	e. Two dimensional color	r model is			
	(A) RGB and CMKY	(B) RBG and CYMK			
	(C) RGB and CMYK	<b>(D)</b> None of these			
	•	nique which allows shift of 114, 112 and 3/4 of a pix	el		
	diameter enabling a cle	±			
	(A) Pixel phasing	( <b>B</b> ) Filtering			

**(C)** Intensity compensation

(**D**) Sampling technique

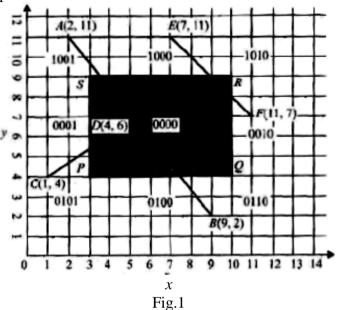
ROLL NO.	
HULL NU.	

## Code: AC111/AT111 Subject: COMPUTER GRAPHICS & VISUALIZATION

	g.	. The object refers to the 3D representation through linear, circular or some other				
		representation is called	(B) Torus			
		<ul><li>(A) Quadric surface</li><li>(C) Sweep representation</li></ul>	(D) None of these			
		(C) Sweep representation	( <b>b</b> ) None of these			
	h. A two-dimensional array contains the details of all the segments is called					
		(A) Segmentation table	(B) Segment name			
		(C) Operation	( <b>D</b> ) None of these			
	i.	The graphics method in which one object is transformed into another object is called				
		(A) Clipping	(B) Reflection			
		(C) Shear	( <b>D</b> ) Morphing			
		(C) Shear	(D) Morphing			
	j.	. The rectangle space in which the world definition of region is displayed is called				
		(A) Screen coordinate system (B) World accordinate system				
		(B) World coordinate system	OW.			
		<ul><li>(C) Clipping window or world wind</li><li>(D) None of these</li></ul>	DW .			
		(b) None of these				
		Answer any FIVE Question Each question ca	_			
Q.2	a.	Discuss raster scan system with reneat diagram.	efresh operation and display processor	or with (10)		
	b.	Discuss any two input devices in br	ief.	(6)		
Q.3	a.	Write the DDA line generation algorithm. Compare DDA and Bresenham's lindrawing algorithm. (8)				
	b.	Consider the line from (2,7) to (5,5) to rasterize this line.	. Use Bresenham's line drawing algor	rithm (8)		
Q.4	a.	What is Antialiasing? Explain any t	two techniques used for antialiasing of	a line. <b>(8)</b>		
	b.	Discuss the procedure for scan-linguitable example.	ne algorithm for polygon filling by	taking (8)		
Q.5	a.		e bounded by $(0,0)$ , $(1,5)$ , $(6,3)$ , $(-3,-4)$ tion is $y=2x+4$ and sheared by 2 unit			
	b.	Derive the transformation matrix fo	r rotation about an origin by an angle (	). (6)		

## Code: AC111/AT111 Subject: COMPUTER GRAPHICS & VISUALIZATION

Q.6 a. A clipping window *PQRS* has left corner at (3, 4) and upper right corner at (10, 9). Find the section of the clipped line *AB* shown in the Figure.1 using the Cohen-Sutherland line-clipping algorithm. Also find the region codes on which the end points of the lines *CD* and *EF* rest.
(10)



- b. Explain Three Dimension (3-D) viewing process in brief. Discuss different viewing parameters in brief. (6)
- Q.7 a. Develop a model in which the light source illuminates the picture using diffused illumination and point source illumination. (10)
  - b. Explain Back-face detection algorithm for removing hidden surfaces? (6)
- Q.8 a. Define virtual Reality. What are the different features of Virtual Reality?

  Discuss different components of Virtual Reality Systems. (10)
  - b. What are the different Classes of Logical Input Device? (6)
- Q.9 a. What is Animation? Explain real-time animation techniques. (8)
  - b. Give some common instances in which hierarchical models can be used. Discuss various modeling packages in brief. (8)