ROLL NO. _

Code: DE52/DC52 DE102/DC102

Sub: FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL & ELECT. ENGG.

DiplETE – ET/CS (Current & New Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2015

Max. Marks: 100

 (2×10)

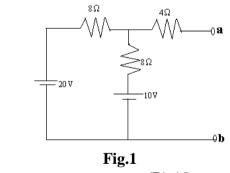
PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:

- a. Which of the following relation is incorrect
 - (A) $MMF = Flux \times Reluctance$
 - **(B)** MMF = Number of turns in coil \times current in coil
 - (C) Flux \times Density = Permeability \times Magnetic field strength
 - **(D)** MMF = Permeability \times Magnetic field strength
- b. The direction of force acting on current carrying conductor in magnetic field is determine by
 - (A) Fleming's left hand rule
- (B) Fleming's right hand rule
- (C) Lenz's law
- **(D)** Faraday's law
- c. What is R_{th} in network shown in Fig.1



d. RMS value of half rectified sinusoidal emf is

(A) Em	(B) Em/2
(C) $\text{Em}/\sqrt{2}$	(D) None of these
e. The Yoke of dc motor is made by	

(A) Cast Iron(B) CRGO steel(C) Copper(D) Aluminium

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j. In Phase shift oscillator(A) One	feedback network contains R-C branches (B) Two
(A) 0.99 (C) 99	(B) 100(D) 101
i. In a transistor large curr	rent gain $\alpha = 0.99$ so small current gain (β) is
(A) 2 Vm (C) Vm	 (B) Vm/2 (D) 4 Vm
h. Peak inverse voltage act	ross diode in Half wave rectifier is
(A) Electrons(C) Both electrons & he	(B) Holes oles (D) None of these
g. Which of the following	is majority charge carrier in N –type semiconductors
(A) $s = 0$ (C) $0 < s < 1$	 (B) s = 1 (D) None of these
f. Slip of 3 phase Induction	n motor at starting is

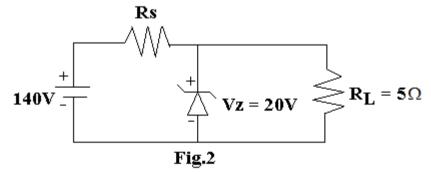
Q.2	a.	Compare electric and magnetic circuits. (8)
	b.	A magnetic circular ring of diameter 0.2 meter has cross-sectional area of 0.1 meter ² & relative permeability 1000. An excitation coil of 500 turns is wound over this ring. (8) (i) Calculate reluctance of ring (ii) MMF to established flux density of 1 T in this ring (iii) Current in ring to established flux density of part(ii) (iv) Magnetic flux in ring
Q.3	a.	State & explain superposition theorem with suitable example.(8)
	b.	Three impedances having per phase impedance Zp = (3+j4) ohm are connected in star. This three phase load is connected across 400 volt supply, calculate:(8) (i) Phase voltage (ii) Phase current (iii) Line current (iv) Power consumed by load
Q.4	a.	Derive torque equation of DC motor. (8)
	b.	A Pole DC shunt motor has armature winding resistance $Ra = 0.3$ ohm and shunt field resistance($R_{sh} = 100\Omega$) When motor connected with 400 volt supply, draws 40 Amp current and running at 1000 RPM. Calculate resistance must be inserted in armature circuit to reduce speed up to 800 RPM. Assume torque is constant. (8)

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- Q.5 a. Discuss rotating magnetic field and principle of operation of three phase induction motor.(8)
 - b. Magnetic core of 1ϕ transformer is made by CRGO silicon steel ($\mu_r = 4000$). Its mean length is 0.8 meter & area of cross- section is 0.2 meter². (8)
 - (i) Calculate Reluctance of core.
 - (ii) What is current in primary winding (which has 500 turns) to set flux density of 2 Tesla in the core
 - (iii) Calculate emf induced in primary winding. Assume supply frequency 50Hz.
 - (iv) Calculate number of turns & emf induced in secondary winding if transformation ratio is 2.

PART B Answer at least TWO questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

- Q.6 a. Compare N-Type & P-Type Extrinsic semiconductors. (8)
 - b. Draw V-I characteristic of P-N Junction diode and explain working of diode in forward and reverse bias. (8)
- Q.7 a. With the help of schematic, explain working of full wave (bridge) rectifier and draw wave forms also.(8)
 - b. Calculate series resistance Rs in Voltage regulator circuit shown in Fig.2. Here zener diode current is 2A.
 (8)



Q.8 a. Explain input & output V-I characteristics of transistor in CE configuration.

(8)

- b. With the help of circuit diagram, explain working of voltage divider bias and comments on thermal stability of this circuit. (8)
- Q.9 Draw circuit diagram & explain working of the following: (16) (i) Two stage CE amplifier (ii) Phase shift oscillator