

DiplETE - ET

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2014

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)

- a. An inductor stores the energy in the form of _____
- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| (A) electric field | (B) magnetic field |
| (C) electric charge | (D) E.M.F. |
- b. Laplace transform of a unit impulse function is _____
- | | |
|---------|----------------------|
| (A) 1/S | (B) 1/S ² |
| (C) S | (D) 1 |
- c. In a network, to neglect a voltage source, the terminals across the source are _____
- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (A) open circuited | (B) short circuited |
| (C) replaced by capacitor | (D) replaced by very high resistance |
- d. Z_{11} in terms of transmission parameters is equal to _____
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| (A) A/C | (B) 1/C |
| (C) D/C | (D) C/A |
- e. In a series R-L-C circuit, at resonant frequency the overall impedance of circuit is equal to _____
- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| (A) R | (B) L |
| (C) infinite | (D) zero |
- f. The loop inductance of a transmission line having distributed line constants is measured in _____
- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| (A) Henrys | (B) Ohms |
| (C) Henrys/km | (D) Ohm/km |

Code: DE57

Subject: NETWORKS AND TRANSMISSION LINES

- g. Input impedance of $\frac{1}{4}$ wave length long short circuited lossless transmission line is _____
- (A) zero (B) low
(C) high (D) infinite
- h. When condition is changed from transmission to attenuation, the frequency is called as _____ frequency.
- (A) resonant (B) line
(C) cut off (D) bandwidth
- i. A circuit has Thevenin's voltage of 10V, Thevenin's resistance of 2Ω and load resistance of 3Ω , then its load voltage is _____
- (A) 3V (B) 5V
(C) 6V (D) 10V
- j. A filter is a _____ selective network.
- (A) amplitude (B) phase
(C) time (D) frequency

Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.
Each question carries 16 marks.

- Q.2** a. A capacitor of $4\mu\text{F}$ capacitance is charged to a potential difference of 400V and then connected in parallel with an uncharged capacitor of $2\mu\text{F}$ capacitance. Calculate potential difference across the parallel capacitors. (8)
- b. Differentiate between current source and voltage source. Draw and explain the characteristics of ideal and practical sources. (8)
- Q.3** a. Determine the laplace transform of the pulse shown in Fig.1. (8)

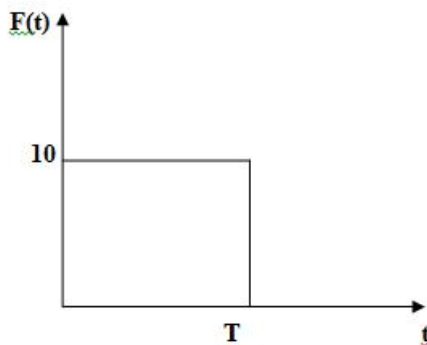


Fig.1

- b. Derive an expression for the current $i(t)$ in a series R-C circuit when it is excited by an impulse input with zero initial conditions. (8)

Q.4 a. State and prove maximum power transfer theorem. (8)

- b. Using Thevenin's theorem, find out current in the resistance connected across the terminals AB shown in Fig.2 (8)

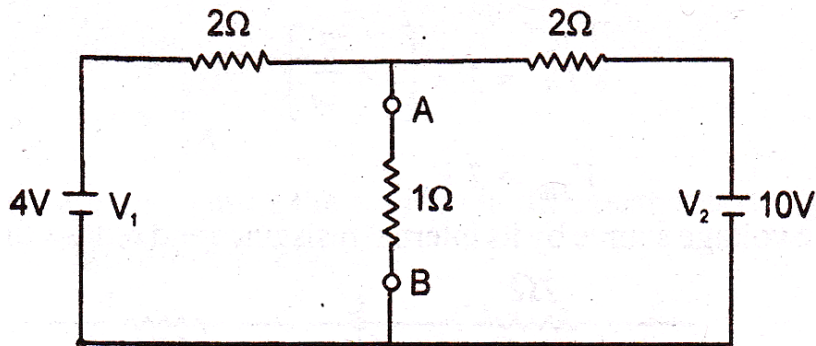


Fig.2

Q.5 a. Derive an expression for the transmission parameters of a two port network.(8)

- b. Find Z parameters for the circuit shown in Fig.3. Also draw equivalent circuit of the network using Z parameters. (8)

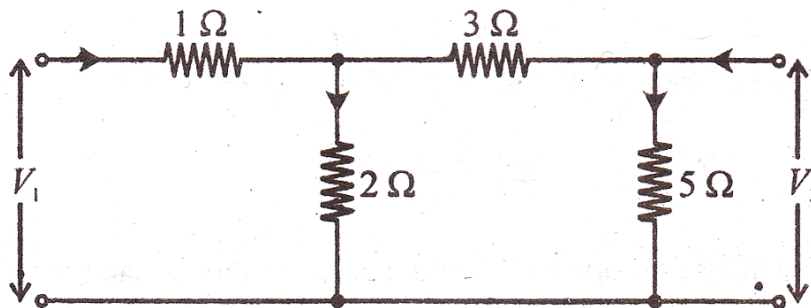


Fig.3

Q.6 a. Determine the parameters of an RLC series circuit that will resonate at 1000 Hz, has a bandwidth of 100 Hz and draws 16 W power from a 200 V generator operating at the resonant frequency of the circuit. (8)

- b. What is series resonance? Derive an expression for
 (i) resonant frequency
 (ii) circuit impedance
 (iii) power factor
 (iv) circuit current at resonance (8)

Q.7 a. Explain the factors causing distortion in a transmission line and methods to minimise distortion. (10)

- b. Explain primary constants of a transmission line and draw the equivalent circuit of transmission line using these constants. (6)

Code: DE57**Subject: NETWORKS AND TRANSMISSION LINES**

- Q.8**
- A high frequency transmission line consists of a pair of open wires having a distributed capacitance of $0.01 \mu\text{F}/\text{km}$ and distributed inductance of $4 \text{ mH}/\text{km}$. Calculate its characteristic impedance and propagation constant at a frequency of 10 MHz. (4)
 - Derive an expression for characteristics impedance and propagation constant of a transmission line at radio frequencies. (4)
 - Explain the concept of single and double stub impedance matching of lines. (8)
- Q.9**
- Design T and π sections of a constant K high pass filter having cut off frequency of 12 kHz and design impedance $R_0 = 500 \Omega$. Also find attenuation at a frequency of 4 kHz. (8)
 - Design a T type symmetrical attenuator, which offers 40dB attenuation with a load of 400Ω . (8)