ROLL NO.	

Code: DE53/DC53 Subject: COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS & C PROG.

Diplete - ET/CS

Time: 3 Hours JUNE 2014 Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q. 1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions, selecting TWO questions from part A and THREE questions from part B. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1	Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:	(2×10)
V.1	Choose the correct or the best afternative in the following.	(4×10)

- a. Which of the following devices can be used to directly image print text?
 - (A) OCR

(B) OMR

(C) MICR

- (**D**) All of these
- b. In latest generation computers, the instructions are executed
 - (A) Parallel only

- **(B)** Sequentially only
- (C) Both sequentially and parallel
- (**D**) All of these
- c. Who designed the first electronics computer ENIAC?
 - (A) Van-Neumann
 - (B) Joseph M. Jacquard
 - (C) J. Presper Eckert and John W Mauchly
 - (**D**) All of these
- d. Who invented the high level language 'C'?
 - (A) Dennis M. Ritchie
- (B) Niklaus Writh
- (C) Seymour Papert
- (D) Donald Kunth
- e. What is the name of the display feature that highlights the screen which requires operator attention?
 - (A) Pixel

(B) Reverse video

(C) Touch screen

(D) Cursor

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f. The system unit of a personal computer typically contains all of the following

		except:		
		(A) Microprocessor(C) Serial interface	(B) Disk controller(D) Modem	
	g.	a. A computer program that converts an entire program into machine language is called a/an		
		(A) Interpreter(C) Compiler	(B) Simulator(D) Commander	
	h.	A do - while loop is useful when must be executed?	we want that the statement within the loop	
		(A) only once(C) more than once	(B) at least once(D) None of these	
	i.	Which of the following statement is the loop?	s used to take the control to the beginning of	
		(A) exit	(B) break	
		(C) continue	(D) None of these	
		#include <stdio.h> int main() { int x=4; while(x==1) { x=x-1; printf("%d",x); x; } } (A) 4 (C) Prints Nothing</stdio.h>	(B) 1,2,3,4 (D) None of these	
PART A Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries 16 marks.				
Q.2	a.	Discuss the characteristics of comp	uters in brief. (8)	
	b.	How can you represent character in	computers explain? (8)	
Q.3	a.	Why do we need programming lang	guages? (8)	
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	b.	Discuss the UNIX operating system in detail.	(8)	
Q.4	a.	What is need for computer communication networks?	(8)	
	b.	Write a note on internet and world wide web.	(8)	
PART B Answer any THREE questions. Each question carries 16 marks.				
Q.5	a.	Discuss various kind of data Type in C.	(4)	
	b.	What do you mean by Relational operators?	(4)	
	c.	Discuss the conditional operators.	(4)	
	d.	Discuss WRITING A CHARACTER.	(4)	
Q.6	a.	Describe the simple if statement with example.	(8)	
	b.	What do you mean by jumps in loops?	(8)	
Q.7	a.	Explain the declaration of arrays with example.	(8)	
	b.	Explain the comparison of two strings.	(8)	
Q.8	a.	What do you mean by elements of user defined functions?	(8)	
	b.	Write a note on the function that return multiple values.	(8)	
Q.9	a.	What do you mean by declaring pointer variables?	(8)	
	b.	Write a note on Pointer expressions with example.	(8)	