Code: AE106

Subject: MATERIALS & PROCESSES

AMIETE – ET {NEW SCHEME}

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2014

Max. Marks: 100

 (2×10)

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:

a. The atomic diameter of an FCC crystal is

(A) $a\sqrt{2}/2$	(B) $a\sqrt{2}/4$
(C) $a\sqrt{3}/4$	(D) a/2

b. Thermal expansion of materials arises from

(A) strong bonds	(B) thermal vibrations
(C) weak bonds	(D) asymmetry of potential energy curve

c. The diameter of the largest sphere that fits the void at the centre of a cube edge of a BCC crystal of lattice parameter a is

(A)	0.293 a	(B)	0.414 a
(C)	0.134 a	(D)	0.336 a

d. Among the common dielectric materials, the highest dielectric strength is possessed by

(A) Mica	(B) Transformer oil
(C) PVC	(D) Polyethylene

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e. The unit of the diffusion coefficient D is

(A)	m/s^2	(B) $\frac{1}{m^2 - s}$
(C)	m^2/s	(D) $m^2 s$

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f. With the increase in temperature, the orientation polarization in general

(A) increases	(B) decreases
(C) is constant	(D) none of these

g. The curie temperature of cobalt is

(A) 2000 K	(B) 1400 K
(C) 1040 K	(D) 650 K

h. The following can be grown expitaxially on Si without creating significant distortions or imperfections

(A) Si of a different doping	(B) SiO_2
(C) GaAs	(D) None of these

i. During purification of Si, the liquid that is produced by dissolving Si in $HC\ell$ is

(A) $SiC\ell_4$	(B)	$SiH_2C\ell_2$
(C) SiHC ℓ_3	(D)	SiH ₄

j. For JFET, when $V_{GS} = V_P$ (pintch off voltage). The drain current I_d is

(A) $I_d = 0$	$(\mathbf{B}) \ \mathbf{I}_{d} = \mathbf{I}_{dss}$
(C) $I_d = \frac{I_{dss}}{2}$	$(\mathbf{D}) \ \mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{d}} = \frac{\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{dss}}}{4}$

Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

Q.2	a.	Discuss Bragg's law of X-ray diffraction.	(8)
	b.	Explain the following:(i) Production of Ions of opposite sign.(ii) The coulomb attraction	(2×4=8)
Q.3	a.	Discuss Ethylene based long chain polymers and write their uses.	(8)
	b.	What is Burgers vector? Show that Burgers vector is perpendicular to dislocation line.	the edge (8)
Q.4	a.	Explain the Kirkendall effect.	(8)
	b.	Discuss superconductivity and explain change in critical magnetic fi with variation in temperature.	ield H _C (8)

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Q.5	a.	Explain the following: (i) Ionic polarisation	(ii) Dipolar polarisation	(2×4=8)
	b.	Discuss breakdown phenom	enon in gaseous and liquid dielectrics.	(8)
Q.6	a.	Discuss paramagnetism and curie law for a paramagnetic materials.		
	b.	Discuss the following:(i) Magnetostriction(ii) Factors affecting permeability and hysteresis loss.(2×4=8)		
Q.'	Q.7 a. Discuss various types of lattice defects in a semiconductor.		(8)	
	b.	Explain the following:(i) Thermal conductivity of semi conductors(ii) Electrical conductivity of doped materials		
Q.8	a.	Compare properties and app	ompare properties and applications of Thermistors and Varistors.	
	b.	Write properties and application	tions of the following:	
		(i) Variable resistors(ii) Electrolytic capacitors		(2×4=8)
Q.9		Discuss the following:		
		(i) Alloyed junction process(ii) Linear operation of JFE	rs T	(2×8=16)

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