ROLL NO.

Code: AE76 Subject: WIRELESS AND MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS

AMIETE – ET (NEW SCHEME)

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2012

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the O.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)

a. Wireless access network unit (WANU) consists of:

(A) Base station transceivers	(B) Radio controller
(C) Access manager	(D) all of the above

b. The design process of selecting and allocating channel groups for all cellular base station within a system is called:

(A) Adjacent channel interference	
(C) Near far affect	

(**B**) Frequency planning

(D) Co- channel interference

- c. If the subscriber moves from one cell to other cell within BSC then this type of hand off is called:
 - (B) Intra-cell-intra BSC handover (A) Inter-cell-inter BSC handover (C) Inter-cell-intra BSC handover
 - (D) Inter MSC handover
- d. Which technique carries only one phone circuit at a time

(A) FDMA	(B) CDMA
(C) TDMA	(D) all of the above

- e. Wi-Fi stands for (A) Wireless frequency **(B)** Wire line fidelity (C) Wireless function (D) Wireless fidelity
- f. The IEEE standard for wireless PAN Bluetooth is:

(A) IEEE802.11	(B) IEEE802.15
(C) IEEE802.16	(D) IEEE802.14

g. Which of these is not a third generation cellular system

(A) UMTS	(B) 3G PCS
(C) GSM	(D) IMT -2000

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h. The expression $P_e=Q (2E_b/N_0)^{1/2}$ is probability of error for which of the following:

(A) QPSK	(B) DPSK
(C) BPSK	(D) π/4 QPSK

i. If the bandwidth of signal is greater than that of channel then it is:

(A) Frequency selective fading	(B) Fast fading
(C) Slow fading	(D) Multipath fading

j. Which of these is not a packet radio protocol

(A) Pure aloha	(B) Slotted aloha
(C) PRMA	(D) X.25 protocol

Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

- Q.2 a. Briefly describe:
 - (i) Frequency Reuse
 - (ii) Channel Allocation Schemes
 - (iii) Interference and system capacity
 - (iv) Trunking and Grade of service
 - b. A Hexagonal cell within a four-cell system has a radius of 1.387 km. A total of 60 Channel is used. If load per user is 0.029 Erlangs and $\lambda = 1$ call /hr compute for an Erlangs C system that has 5% probability of delayed call: (8)
 - (i) How many users it can support?
 - (ii) Probability that a call will have to wait more than 10 sec.?
 - (iii) What is the probability that a call will be delayed for more than 10 sec?
- Q.3 a. Describe the various propagation mechanisms which impacts propagation in a mobile communication system.
 (8)
 - b. Find linear block encoder G if code generator polynomial $g(x)=1+x+x^3$ for a (7,4) code. (8)
- Q.4 a. If, 33 MHz of bandwidth is allocated to a particular FDD cellular telephone system which uses two 25 kHz simplex channels to provide full duplex voice & control channels. Compute the number of channels available per cell if a system uses:
 - (i) Four-cell reuse
 - (ii) Seven- cell reuse
 - (iii) Twelve- cell reuse

If, 1 MHz is dedicated to control channels, determine distribution of control & voice channels in each cell for each of the three systems. (8)

 $(4 \times 2 = 8)$

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	b.	Explain different types of Multiple Radio Access protocol.	(8)
Q.5	a.	Briefly discuss various linear modulation techniques.	(8)
	b.	Describe Channel Allocation Strategies and also elaborate Static allocation Dynamic allocation.	n and (8)
Q.6	a.	Briefly explain the procedure to setup a call in a GSM network.	(8)
	b.	Briefly explain the following terms:	(8)
		 (i) Registration (ii) Handoff parameters & underlying support (iii) Roaming support (iv) Multicasting 	
Q.7	a.	Explain GSM architecture in detail.	(8)
	b.	Describe forward CDMA channel in case of IS-95.	(8)
Q.8	a.	Briefly describe Wireless Sensor Networks, its characteristics and applic	ations. (8)
	b.	Enumerate the various characteristics of MANET.	(8)
Q.9		Write short note: (4×4	=16)
		(i) WMAN(ii) WLAN(iii) WPAN	

(iv) Directional & smart antennas