ROLL NO.

Code: DC54/DC104

Time: 3 Hours

Subject: DATA STRUCTURES

DiplETE – CS (Current & New Scheme)

June 2019

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER. NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1	C	hoose the correct or the best alterna	tive in the following:	(2×10)
	a.	Assuming int is of 4bytes, what is the (A) 15	e size of int arr[15];? (B) 19	
		(C) 11	(D) 60	
	 b. In a stack, if a user tries to remove an element from empty stack,			
		(A) Underflow	(B) Empty collection	
		(C) Overflow	(D) Garbage Collection	
	c.	What is the complexity of adding an element to the heap (n is number of elements and h is height of Heap)?		
		(A) O(n)	(B) $O(n^2)$	
		(C) $O(\log n)$ or $O(h)$	(D) None of these	
	d.	Stack follows the Principle		
		(A) LIFO	(B) FIFO	
		(C) Random	(D) Direct	
	e.	A Binary Tree with 0 or 2 child in each node can be termed as		
		(A) Complete Binary Tree	(B) Almost Complete Binary Tree	e
		(C) Strictly Binary Tree	(D) Heap	
	f.	Which among the following Sorting	is slowest?	
		(A) Bubble Sort	(B) Merge Sort	
		(C) Heap Sort	(D) Quick Sort	
	g.	What is the worst case complexity of	QuickSort?	
	-	(A) O(nlogn)	(B) O(logn)	
		(C) O(n)	$(\mathbf{D}) \mathbf{O}(\mathbf{n}^2)$	
	h.	Which of the following is the Linear	Data Structure?	
		(A) Tree	(B) Graph	
		(C) DAG	(D) Queue	

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- i. What is the output of the following function? function(int x, int y)
 {
 if(y==0)
 return 1
 else
 return (x * function(x,y-1));
 }
 (A) x*y
 (C) x/y
 (D) x%y
- j. Postfix equivalent of $A^*B\uparrow C\uparrow D-E$ is (A) $ABCD\uparrow\uparrow^*E-$ (B) $ABC\uparrow D\uparrow^*E-$ (C) $AB^*C\uparrow D\uparrow E-$ (D) None of these

Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

Q.2	a.	Explain the following terms. Use suitable examples to illustrate each(i) Static Storage class(ii) External References class(iii) Automatic Storage class(iv) Recursion	(8)
	b.	Write a program for finding sum of the digit of a number using recursion.	(8)
Q.3	a.	What is the difference between structure and union? Explain with examples.	(8)
	b.	What do you mean by a file? What are various types of files?	(8)
Q.4	a. Write an algorithm to find transpose of a matrix.		(8)
	b.	Write the quick sort algorithm to sort an unsorted array of n elements in ascending order.	(8)
Q.5	Q.5 a. Write a method to add, delete and search an item in queues.b. Write the two basic operations performed with a stack. Write the operation as function in C language.		(8)
			(8)
Q.6	a.	What is linked-list? What are the advantages of linked-list over array?	(8)
	b.	How can a Polynomial be represented using linked list? Show with example.	(8)
Q.7	a.	Write short notes on the following:(i)(i) Circular linked lists(ii) Doubly linked lists	4+4)
	b.	Write a program in C to concatenate two circular linked lists.	(8)

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Q.8	a. Define a Binary Tree. What are various methods of traversal in Binary Tree?	(8)
	b. Design a Binary Search Tree by inserting following keys in sequence 100, 50, 150, 200, 30, 10, 90, 80, 210, 130	(8)
Q.9	a. Explain Depth First traversal of a graph	(8)
	b. Explain the representation of following graph using	(8)
	$\underbrace{1}_{\mathbb{N}} \underbrace{2}_{\mathbb{N}} \underbrace{3}_{\mathbb{N}}$	



(i) Adjacency Matrix(ii) Adjacency List