

# AMIETE – ET (OLD SCHEME)

Code: AE09  
Time: 3 Hours

Subject: ANALOG & DIGITAL ELECTRONICS  
Max. Marks: 100

**JUNE 2011**

**NOTE:** There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

**Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)**

- a. If an inverting amplifier has the non inverting pin of the op-amp connected to ground, the inverting pin of the op-amp will be \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) at ground (B) at virtual ground  
(C) equal to  $V_{in}$  (D) equal to  $V_{out}$
- b. Slew rate distortion is more prevalent in circuit with \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) small input voltage swings (B) large input voltage swings  
(C) small output voltage swings (D) large output voltage swings
- c. The cut off frequency is also referred to as the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) half power point (B) low end frequency  
(C) higher end frequency (D) both (B) and (C)
- d. The network of resistors containing only two values are known as
- (A) binary divider (B) binary ladder  
(C) analog divider (D) analog ladder
- e. When a transistor switch is in saturation  $V_{CE}$  is approximately equal to \_\_\_\_\_
- (A)  $V_{CC}$  (B)  $V_B$   
(C) 0.2V (D) 0.8V
- f. Which of the following flipflop is used as latch?
- (A) JK flipflop (B) SR flipflop  
(C) D flipflop (D) T flipflop

- g. TTL totem pole output stage is primarily used to
- (A) increase the noise margin of the gate
  - (B) decrease the output switching delay
  - (C) facilitate a wired OR logic connection
  - (D) increase the output impedance of the circuit
- h. A full adder can be made of
- (A) two half adder
  - (B) two half adder and a NOR gate
  - (C) two half adder and OR gate
  - (D) two half adder and AND gate
- i. A ring counter consisting of 5 flipflop will have
- (A) 5 states
  - (B) 10 states
  - (C) 32 states
  - (D)  $\infty$  states
- j. LEDs function like normal diodes except they have a forward voltage drop of approximately \_\_\_\_\_
- (A) 0.3 V
  - (B) 0.7 V
  - (C) 1V
  - (D) 2V

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**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.  
Each question carries 16 marks.**

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- Q.2** a. Find the Butterworth transfer function that meets the following low pass filter specification  $f_p = 10\text{KHz}$ ,  $A_{\max} = 1\text{dB}$ , dc gain = 1,  $A_{\min} = 25\text{dB}$ . (8)
- b. Explain “offset voltage” and “offset current” of an opamp also discuss the technique for minimizing the same. (8)
- Q.3** a. Explain the basic principle of switching capacitor filter and also explain how a switching capacitor behave as a resistance. (6)
- b. Draw the block diagram for a counting type A/D converter and explain the operation for the system. (10)
- Q.4** a. Explain the physical significance of storage time and transition time in diode switching. (8)
- b. Explain the terms
- (i) Noise margin
  - (ii) Propagation delay
  - (iii) Power dissipation
  - (iv) fan in and fan out
- (8)
- Q.5** a. Draw a totem pole output with a TTL gate & explain its operation. (10)
- b. Generate the following combination logic equation using a 4 input multiplexer  $Y = C\bar{B}\bar{A} + \bar{C}\bar{B}\bar{A} + C\bar{B}A + \bar{C}BA$  (6)

- Q.6** a. Explain the system for a 4 bit odd parity checker. (8)
- b. Show how a SR flipflop can be constructed using NOR gates and explain the different states of the SR flipflop. (8)
- Q.7** a. Explain the block diagram of a ROM and what hardware constitutes the memory element. (8)
- b. Draw the circuit diagram of a simple instrumentation amplifier. Also derive the expression of output voltage in terms of the input value and circuit resistance. (8)
- Q.8** a. Sketch the architecture of an NMOS op-amp and list three reasons why this architecture is employed. (8)
- b. Explain how a PLA can be used to realize a logical expression. (8)
- Q.9** Write short note on any **TWO** of the following: (8×2)
- (i) BJT inverter
  - (ii) Dynamic MOS
  - (iii) Shift register
  - (iv) Programmable Array logic