ROLL NO.	

Code: AC61 / AT61 Subject: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

AMIETE - CS/IT

Time: 3 Hours

DECEMBER 2012

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each

Q.1	Choose the correct or the best	alternative in the following: (2×10)
	a. A database schema is specifie called	d by a set of definitions expressed by a language
	(A) Procedural language(C) Data definition language	(B) Data manipulation language(D) Data query language
	b. Domain constraints and refere	ential-integrity constraints are special forms of
	(A) Triggers(C) Views	(B) Cursors(D) Assertions
	c. If $\alpha \to \beta$ holds and $\gamma\beta \to \delta$ ho	lds, then $\alpha \gamma \rightarrow \delta$ holds. This rule is
	(A) Transitivity rule(C) Augmentation rule	(B) Pseudo transitivity rule(D) Reflexivity rule
		operation between two relations 'r' and 's' s which are there in 'r' but not in 's' is
	(A) SET DIFFERENCE (C) DIVISION	(B) SET UNION(D) CARTESIAN PRODUCT
	e. For the FD, $A \rightarrow BC$, $B \rightarrow CA$	$A, C \rightarrow AB$ the candidate keys are
	(A) {A} (C) {C}	(B) {A}, {B} (D) {A}, {B}, {C}
	f. Memory-style Error-Correctin	g-Code (ECC) organization refers to
	(A) RAID level 0	(B) RAID level 1
	(C) RAID level 2	(D) RAID level 3

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	g.	A transaction enters into executing.	state immediately after it starts	
		(A) Read (C) Active	(B) Write (D) Commit	
	h.	The process of selecting the most exhown as	fficient query evaluation plan for a query is	
		(A) Query optimization(C) Parsing	(B) Query processing(D) Translation	
	i.	The protocol that ensures that the serializable, cascade-less and recover	he resulting schedules will be conflict- erable is	
		 (A) Graph-Based locking protocol (B) Strict-Two-Phase locking protocol (C) Time-Stamp-Ordering protocol (D) Multiple-Granularity protocol 	col	
	j.	The problem where one transaction uncommitted transaction is called	reads a database item updated by another	
		(A) Pseudo read(C) Intermediate read	(B) Dirty read(D) none of these	
		(C) Intermediate read	(b) none of these	
		Answer any FIVE Questions Each question car	out of EIGHT Questions.	_
Q.2	a.	Answer any FIVE Questions Each question can	out of EIGHT Questions.	
Q.2		Answer any FIVE Questions Each question can List some of the advantages of u traditional file approach.	out of EIGHT Questions. ries 16 marks. sing the DBMS approach as compared to	
Q.2	b.	Answer any FIVE Questions Each question can List some of the advantages of user traditional file approach. Discuss the different types of user who typically use each. Consider a university database for exams. This database could be mattributes course-name, section-num one or more additional entity sets of to replace some of the attributes of course with attributes name, depositions.	out of EIGHT Questions. ries 16 marks. sing the DBMS approach as compared to (5) r-friendly interfaces and the types of users (5) or the scheduling of classrooms for final odeled as the single entity set exam, with other, room-number and time. Alternatively, ould be defined along with relationship sets the exam entity set, as a continuous arrangement and c-number and enrollment and dependent as a weak pacity and building	

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	b.	What is meant by a safe expression in relational calculus?	(4)
	c.	Let the following relation schemas be given: $R = (A, B, C)$ $S = (D, E, F)$ Let relations $r(R)$ and $s(S)$ be given. Give equivalent SQL statements for following queries. (i) $\Pi_A(r)$ (ii) $\sigma_{B=33}(r)$ (iii) rXs (iv) $\Pi_{A,F}(\sigma_{C=D}(rXs))$	the (8)
Q.4	a.	Discuss the following SQL commands with examples: (i) DROP (ii) ALTER (iii) INSERT (iv) UPDATE (3	3 *4)
	b.	Describe the circumstances in which you would choose to use embedded Strather than SQL alone or only a general-purpose programming language?	SQL (4)
Q.5	a.	What is a minimal set of functional dependencies? Does every set dependencies have a minimal equivalent set? Give an algorithm for finding minimal cover G for F.	
	b.	With the help of examples, differentiate between candidate key, primary and secondary key.	key (6)
	c.	Briefly describe Boyce-Codd Normal Form.	(4)
Q.6	a.	What are the reasons for having variable_length records?	(5)
	b.	What are the advantages of ordered files over unordered files?	(5)
	c.	What is Partitioned Hashing? What are its advantage and disadvantage?	(6)
Q.7	a.	Discuss the cost components for a cost function that are used to estimate quexecution cost. Where is this information kept?	uery (8)
	b.	Briefly explain the different methods for implementing joins.	(8)
Q.8	a.	Briefly explain the following problems that arise because of concur execution of transactions: (i) Lost Update Problem (ii) Dirty Read Problem (iii) Incorrect Summary Problem	rent (8)

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- b. What is timestamp? What are the rules followed to ensure serializability in multiversion techniques based on timestamp ordering? (8)
- Q.9 a. What are checkpoints and why are they important? List the actions taken by the recovery manager during checkpoints. (4)
 - b. Briefly explain the shadow paging recovery scheme. (4)
 - c. Describe the three phases of the ARIES recovery method. (8)