

Code: AT78

Subject: DATA MINING & WAREHOUSING

AMIETE – IT (Current Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours

DECEMBER 2015

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)

- a. An essential process where intelligent methods are applied to extract data patterns is called
 (A) Data warehousing (B) Data mining
 (C) Text mining (D) Data selection
- b. Which of the following is not a data mining functionality?
 (A) Characterization and Discrimination (B) Classification and regression
 (C) Selection and interpretation (D) Clustering and Analysis
- c. is a summarization of the general characteristics or features of a target class of data.
 (A) Data Characterization (B) Data Classification
 (C) Data discrimination (D) Data selection
- d. Strategic value of data mining is
 (A) cost-sensitive (B) work-sensitive
 (C) time-sensitive (D) technical-sensitive
- e. The output of KDD is
 (A) Data (B) Information
 (C) Query (D) Useful information
- f. The full form of OLAP is
 (A) Online Analytical Processing (B) Online Advanced Processing
 (C) Online Advanced Preparation (D) Online Analytical Performance
- g. The data is stored, retrieved and updated in
 (A) OLAP (B) OLTP
 (C) SMTP (D) FTP
- h. Which view exposes the information being captured, stored, and managed by operational systems?
 (A) top-down view (B) data warehouse view
 (C) data source view (D) business query view

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- i. Which of the following is not a component of a data warehouse?
 (A) Metadata (B) Current detail data
 (C) Lightly summarized data (D) Component Key
- j. The type of relationship in star schema is
 (A) many to many (B) one to one
 (C) one to many (D) many to one

**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.
 Each question carries 16 marks.**

- Q.2** a. Discuss data mining task primitives in detail. (8)
- b. Describe briefly the Data Mining functionalities, highlighting the kind of patterns that can be mined. (8)
- Q.3** a. Describe the process of data cleansing. (8)
- b. Explain the need of data discretization. How is it performed? In the same context explain concept hierarchy generation. (2+3+3)
- Q.4** a. Discuss the three-tier data warehouse architecture. (8)
- b. Explain how data mining system can be integrated with database/dataware house system. (8)
- Q.5** a. What do you understand by “data cube”? Explain the terms Full cube, Iceberg cube, Closed cube and Shell cube. (2+6)
- b. What is attribute oriented induction? What is its use in data characterization, explain with examples? (3+5)
- Q.6** a. Explain Bayesian classification with suitable example. (8)
- b. Give the difference between classification and prediction. (4)
- c. Discuss different types of association rules in data mining. (4)
- Q.7** a. What is back propagation? How is it used to classify patterns? (4+4)
- b. Explain linear and non-linear methods of prediction. In which case will you use each, explain with example. (4+4)
- Q.8** a. Describe the working of Partitioning Around Medoids (PAM) algorithm. (8)
- b. What is cluster analysis, how is it different from classification? Discuss the types of data that occur in cluster analysis. (3+5)
- Q.9** a. Describe various applications of data mining. (8)
- b. What is web mining? Explain the techniques in web mining. (8)