ROLL NO. __

Code: AE57/AC57/AT57/AE112

Subject: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

AMIETE - ET {CURRENT & NEW SCHEME}

Time: 3 Hours

DECEMBER 2015

Max. Marks: 100

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

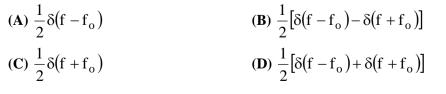
- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.
- Q.1Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)
 - a. A function f(t) = sin(3t) cos(5t) is

(A) Periodic	(B) a periodic
(C) Discrete	(D) All of these

- b. The sample of a cosine wave at zero frequency are equivalent to samples of (A) a sine wave
 (B) a dc signal
 (C) an AC signal
 (D) an unknown signal
- c. The fourier series representation of an impulse train denoted by

$$s(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - mT_o) is$$
(A) $\frac{1}{T_o} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\frac{j2\pi m}{T_o}t}$
(B) $\frac{1}{T_o} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\frac{j\pi m t}{T_o}}$
(C) $\frac{1}{T_o} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\frac{j4\pi m}{T_o}t}$
(D) $\frac{1}{T_o} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} e^{\frac{j\pi m}{T_o}t}$
Fourier transform of $\cos(m, t)$ is

d. Fourier transform of $\cos(\omega_0 t)$ is



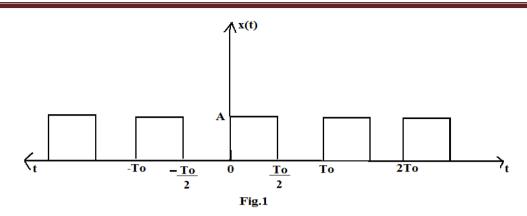
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Code: AE57/AC57/AT57/AE112 Subject: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS e. A system represented by $y(t) = x^2(t)$ is (A) Linear (B) Time Invarient (C) TimeVarient (D) Dynamic f. The process of converting from continuous - time domain to discrete - time domain is called (A) sampling (**B**) quantization (C) fourier analysis (**D**) None of these g. A system is given as $H(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{(z + 0.5)(z - 0.5)}$. The initial value is (A) 0.5 **(B)** 1 **(C)** 2 **(D)** ∞ h. System represented by y(n) = 5x(n) + c is linear only when. (A) C = 0**(B)** $C \neq 0$ (C) $C = \infty$ **(D)** C = -5i. The frequency response of discrete- time fourier transform is (A) Continuous (B) Discrete (C) No frequency response (D) None of these j. A power signal f(t) has power spectral density $S_f(\omega)$. The Power density spectrum of $\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}}$ is **(B)** $\omega^2 S_f(\omega)$ (A) $S_f(\omega)$ **(D)** $\omega^3 S_f(\omega)$ (C) $\omega S_f(\omega)$ Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks. (10)Q.2 Discuss basic system properties. a. (i) Time Invarience (ii) Linearity b. Show that system represented by (6) $y(t) = x^{2}(t)$ is non-linear and time invariant. **Q.3** a. Discuss the following properties of continuous time fourier series (i) Linearity (ii) Time Reversal (iii) Time Shifting (10)(iv) Time Scaling

b. Determine the complex exponential fourier series of a square wave x(t) shown in Fig.1 (6)

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- **Q.4** a. Determine fourier transform of the signal. $x(t) = e^{-at}u(t)$; a > 0. Draw the magnitude and phase plot. (6)
 - b. Discuss conjugation and conjugate symmetry of continuous time fourier transform. Using the symmetry property evaluate the fourier transform of

$$x(t) = e^{-a|t|}, a > 0.$$
 (10)

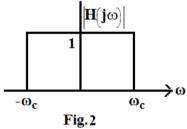
Q.5 a. Determine Discrete time fourier transform of $x(n) = \cos \omega_0 n$. (6)

b. Explain the following properties of Discrete-time fourier transform with suitable example. (10)

(i) Differencing & Accumulation

(ii) Time Expansion

Q.6 a. Shown in Fig 2 is $|\mathbf{H}(j\omega)|$ for a low pass filter. Prove that $h_2(t) = h_1(t - T)$ when $|\mathbf{H}_1(j\omega)| = |\mathbf{H}_2(j\omega)| = |\mathbf{H}(j\omega)|$ and $\angle \mathbf{H}_1(j\omega) = 0$, $\angle \mathbf{H}_2(j\omega) = \omega T$, T is a constant. (8)



- b. Explain Impulse Train Sampling of Discrete Time Signals. (8)
- **Q.7** a. Find Laplace Transform of the following:

(i)
$$\mathbf{x}(t) = e^{-2t}\mathbf{u}(t) + e^{-t}(\cos 3t)\mathbf{u}(t).$$

(ii) $\mathbf{x}(t) = \delta(t) - \frac{4}{3}e^{-t}\mathbf{u}(t) + \frac{1}{3}e^{2t}\mathbf{u}(t)$

(8)

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- b. Discuss the following properties of Laplace Transform:
 - (i) Time Shifting
 - (ii) Convolution
 - (iii) Time Scaling
 - (iv) Conjugation
- **Q.8** a. Determine inverse z transform of the following:

$$X(z) = \frac{3 - \frac{5}{6} z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4} z^{-1}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)} \text{ for the following ROC}$$

(i) $|Z| > \frac{1}{3}$
(ii) $|Z| < \frac{1}{4}$

b. For LTI system, input to the system is $x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^n u(n)$ (8)

and output
$$y[n] = -9\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + 10\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$
. Determine $H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)}$.
Discuss the following: (4×4)

- Q.9 Discuss the fol
 - (i) Random processes
 - (ii) Stationary processes
 - (iii) Covariance function
 - (iv) Power Spectral Density

(8)

(8)