ROLL NO.

Code: AC68 Subject: FINITE AUTOMATA & FORMULA LANGUAGES

## AMIETE - CS (NEW SCHEME)

Time: 3 Hours

# DECEMBER 2011

Max. Marks: 100

 $(2 \times 10)$ 

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Please write your Roll No. at the space provided on each page immediately after receiving the Question Paper.
- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

### Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:

a. The language constructs which are most useful in describing nested structures such as balanced parenthesis.

| (A) Regular expression       | (B) Context-free         |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (C) Non-context free grammar | ( <b>D</b> ) Recursively |

(**D**) Recursively enumerable language

grammars

- b. Universal Turing Machine influenced the concept of
  - (A) stored program computers
    (B) interpretive implementation of programming language.
    (C) Computability.
    (D) All of these.
- c. The statement "A Turing Machine can't solve halting problem" is

| (A) true                  | ( <b>B</b> ) false        |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| (C) still a open question | ( <b>D</b> ) all of these |

d. For which of the following applications regular expression can't be used?

| (A) Designing compilers            | ( <b>B</b> ) Developing text editors |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (C) Simulating sequential Circuits | ( <b>D</b> ) All of these            |

e. A string of terminals that can be generated by the following CFG :

 $S \rightarrow AB$   $A \rightarrow aA/bB/a$   $B \rightarrow Ba/Bb/a$ (A) has atleast one b.
(B) should end in an 'a'.
(C) has no consecutive a's or b's.
(D) has atleast two a's

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f. Recursive languages are

(A) closed under intersection

(**B**) recursively enumerable

(C) closed under complementation (D) All of these

g. What is the highest type number according to Chomskey hierarchy that can be applied to the grammar with production?  $S \rightarrow Aa, A \rightarrow Ba, B \rightarrow abc$ 

| ( <b>A</b> ) Type 0 | <b>(B)</b> Type 1 |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| ( <b>C</b> ) Type 2 | <b>(D)</b> Type 3 |

h. Which of the following is a valid set of productions?

| $(\mathbf{A}) \to \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{T}/\mathbf{T}$ | (B) $E \rightarrow E + E$                             |
|---|---|
| $T \rightarrow E$                                     |   |
| $(\mathbf{C}) \to \mathbf{T}$                         | $(\mathbf{D}) \to \mathbf{E} + \mathbf{T}/\mathbf{T}$ |
| $T \rightarrow T + T/E$                               | $T \rightarrow E/id$                                  |

i. The productions  $E \rightarrow E + E$ ,  $E \rightarrow E - E$ ,  $E \rightarrow E * E$ ,  $E \rightarrow E/E$ ,  $E \rightarrow id$ .

(A) generate an inherently ambiguous grammar

(B) generate an ambiguous grammar but not inherently so.

(C) are unambiguous.

(**D**) can generate all possible fixed length valid computation for carrying out addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division which can be expressed in one expression.

j. The major difference between a Moore and Mealy machine is that

(A) the output of the former depends on the present state and present input.

- (B) the output of the former depends only on the present state.
- (C) the output of the former depends only on the present input.
- (**D**) all of these.

## Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

| Q.2 | a. List the in                 | nportant aspects of automata theory?  | (8) |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|-----|
|     | b. Discuss the                 | ne pigeonhole principle with example?   | (8) |
| Q.3 | a. Design a                    | NFA for the language $L = (ab \cup aba)^*$ .  | (8) |
|     | b. Design a $L = \{w : $       | DFA for the language.<br>$n_a(w) \ge 1, w \in (a, b)^*$ .                             | (8) |
| Q.4 | a. Write a re<br>$L = \{w \in$ | gular expression for the language $\{0, 1\}^*$ : w has no pair of consecutive zeros}. | (8) |
|     | b. Find a reg                  | ular expression for transition diagram given in Fig.1 below:                          | (8) |

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**Q.5** a. Prove that language 
$$L = \{a^n b^n \text{ for } n = 0, 1, 2, 3, ... \}$$
 is not regular. (8)

b. Let 
$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$
 and  $\Sigma' = \{0, 1, 2\}$  and defined h by  
 $h(0) = 01$   
 $h(1) = 112$   
Find  $h(010)$  and homomorphic image of L =  $\{00, 010\}$ . (8)

#### **Q.6** a. Write a Context Free Grammar, that generates string of balanced parenthesis.

b. Construct a PDA for the regular expression  

$$r = 0^* 1^+$$
. (8)

Q.7 a. Change the following grammar in to CNF  

$$S \rightarrow 1A/0B$$
  
 $A \rightarrow 1AA/0S/0$   
 $B \rightarrow 0BB/1$  (8)

- b. Prove that language  $L = \{a^n b^n c^n | n \ge 0\}$  is not context-free language. (8)
- **Q.8** a. Design a Turing Machine that recognizes the language consisting of all strings of even length over alphabet {a, b}. (8)
  - b. Explain the concept of extension of Turing Machine. (8)
    - List Y List X i Xi Yi 1 1 111 2 10111 10 3 10 0

Q.9 a. Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . Let X and Y be lists of three strings each, defined as follows:

| Show that in this case, | a Post Correspondence Problem | m (PCP) has a solution. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                         |                               | (8)                     |

b. Prove that the union of two recursively enumerable languages is recursively enumerable. (8)