

Code: AC10

Subject: DISCRETE STRUCTURES

AMIETE – CS (OLD SCHEME)

Time: 3 Hours

DECEMBER 2011

Max. Marks: 100

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Please write your Roll No. at the space provided on each page immediately after receiving the Question Paper.
- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)a. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Which of the following sets is not equal to A ?(A) $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ (B) $\{x \mid x \text{ is a real number and } x^2 \leq 25\}$ (C) $\{5, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$ (D) $\{2, 3, 4\}$

b. The contrapositive of the statement "If I am not President, then I will walk to work" is

(A) If I do not walk to work, then I am President.

(B) If I am President, then I will not walk to work

(C) If I walk to work, then I am not President.

(D) If I walk to work, then I am President.

c. If no letter or digit can be repeated, how many license plates having 2 letters followed by 4 digits can be manufactured?

(A) 6,760,000

(B) 3,276,000

(C) 3,72600

(D) 327600

d. How many edges are there in a graph with 10 vertices, each of degree 6?

(A) 60

(B) 30

(C) 20

(D) 100

e. To make $R = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (1,2), (2,1), (2,3), (3,1), (3,2)\}$ a binary equivalence relation on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, choose the set that one needs to add to R .(A) $\{(4,4), (5,5)\}$ (B) $\{(5,5), (1,3)\}$ (C) $\{(4,4), (5,5), (1,3)\}$ (D) $\{(4,4), (1,2,3)\}$

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f. Consider a poset (A, R) , where A is a finite set and R is a relation on the set A . Then, the greatest element of A is

- (A) any $a \in A$ such that $xRa, \forall x \in A$
- (B) any $a \in A$ such that $aRx, \forall x \in A$
- (C) the same as the upperbound of a subset B of A
- (D) the same as the lowerbound of a subset B of A

g. Domination law in boolean attributes is

- (A) $x \cdot 0 = 0$
- (B) $x + x = x$
- (C) $x \cdot 1 = x$
- (D) $xy = yx$

h. A rooted tree is a full m -ary tree, if

- (A) every external vertex has at most m children.
- (B) every internal vertex has at most m children.
- (C) every external vertex has exactly m children.
- (D) every internal vertex has exactly m children.

i. A phase structure grammar G is defined to be a

- (A) 3 tuple $(V, S, \rightarrow), V \subseteq S$ and \rightarrow is a finite relation on V^*
- (B) 4 tuple $(V, S, v_0, \rightarrow), V$ is a finite set, $S \subseteq V, v_0 \in V - S, \rightarrow$ is a finite relation on V^*
- (C) 5 tuple $(V, S, v_0, \rightarrow, \leftarrow), V$ is a finite set, $S \subseteq V, v_0 \in S - V, \rightarrow$ and \leftarrow are finite relations on V^*
- (D) 4 tuple $(V, S, v_0, \rightarrow), V$ is an infinite set, $V \subseteq S, v_0 \in V - S, \rightarrow$ is a finite relation on V^*

j. The explicit version of the recursive relation $a_n = 2 \times 5 \cdot a_{n-1}, a_1 = 4$, is

- (A) $a_n = 4 \times 10^n$
- (B) $a_n = 10^n$
- (C) $a_n = 4^n$
- (D) $a_n = (4 \times 10)^n$

**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.
Each question carries 16 marks.**

- Q.2** a. A survey has been taken on the methods of commuter travel. Each respondent was asked to check BUS, TRAIN or AUTOMOBILE as a major method of traveling to work. More than one answer was permitted. The results were reported as follows: BUS: 30 people; TRAIN: 35 people; AUTOMOBILE: 100 people; BUS and TRAIN: 15 people; BUS and AUTOMOBILE: 15 people; TRAIN and AUTOMOBILE: 20 people; and all the three methods, 5 people. How many people completed a survey form? (6)

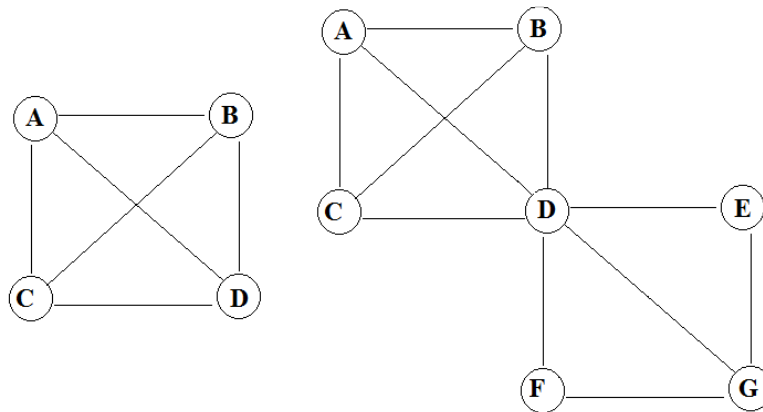
b. The Harmonic numbers $H_j, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ is defined by $H_j = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{j}$. Use, mathematical induction to show that $H_{2n} \geq 1 + \frac{n}{2}$. (8)

c. A label identifier for a computer program consists of one letter followed by 3 digits. If repetitions are allowed, how many distinct label identifiers are possible? (2)

Q.3 a. Derive the explicit formula for the recursive relation: $a_n = 4a_{n-1} + 5a_{n-2}, a_1 = 2, a_2 = 6$. (5)

b. Show that if any 8 positive integers are chosen, two of them will have the same remainder when divided by 7. (4)

c. Define Euler circuit and Euler path. Which of the following graphs have an Euler circuit and Euler path: (7)



Q.4 a. Draw a digraph for each of the following relations:
 (i) Let $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and let $R = \{(a, b), (b, d), (a, d), (d, a), (b, a), (c, c)\}$
 (ii) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ and let ${}^x R_Y$, wherever Y is divisible by x
 (iii) Determine which of the relations are reflexive, transitive, symmetric and antisymmetric. (3+3+2)

b. Prove that a graph G is a tree iff G has no cycles and $|E| = |V| - 1$. (8)

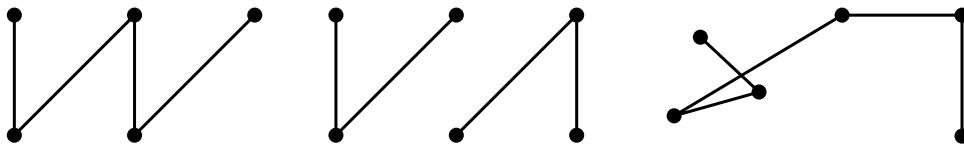
Q.5 a. Let $S = \{a, b, c\}$ and A is the power set of S . Draw the Hasse diagram of the poset A with the partial order \subseteq (set inclusion). (5)

b. Simplify the following boolean expressions using Karnaugh maps.
 (i) $xy\bar{z} + x\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{x}yz + \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z}$
 (ii) $x\bar{y}z + x\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{x}yz + \bar{x}\bar{y}z + \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z}$ (8)

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c. Which of these graphs are trees? (3)



- Q.6** a. Write the algorithm for Huffman coding. Encode the following symbols with the frequencies listed: A = 0.25, B = 0.20, C = 0.15, D = 0.12, E = 0.10, F = 0.18. (10)
- b. Write the algorithms for In-order and Post-order traversals. (6)
- Q.7** a. Write the syntax diagrams for a letter and an identifier. (8)
- b. Write Kruskal's algorithm for computing a minimum spanning tree of a weighted graph. (8)
- Q.8** a. Prove that 2 divides $n^2 + n$, whenever n is a positive integer. (10)
- b. Give the recursive definition for the sequence $\{a_n\}, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ and
- (i) $a_n = 2n + 1$ and
- (ii) $a_n = n^2$. (6)
- Q.9** a. Design an automaton which accepts only even number of 0's and even number of 1's. (10)
- b. Choose 4 cards at random from a standard 52-card deck. What is the probability that 4 kings will be chosen? (6)